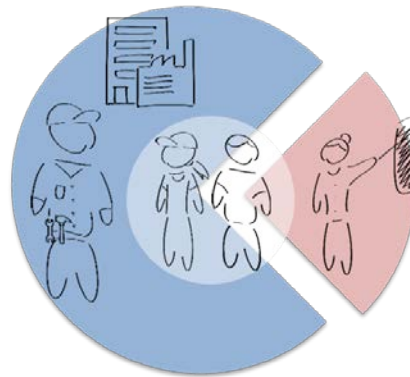


Dual VET



Vocational Education and Training in Germany

Gefördert durch:

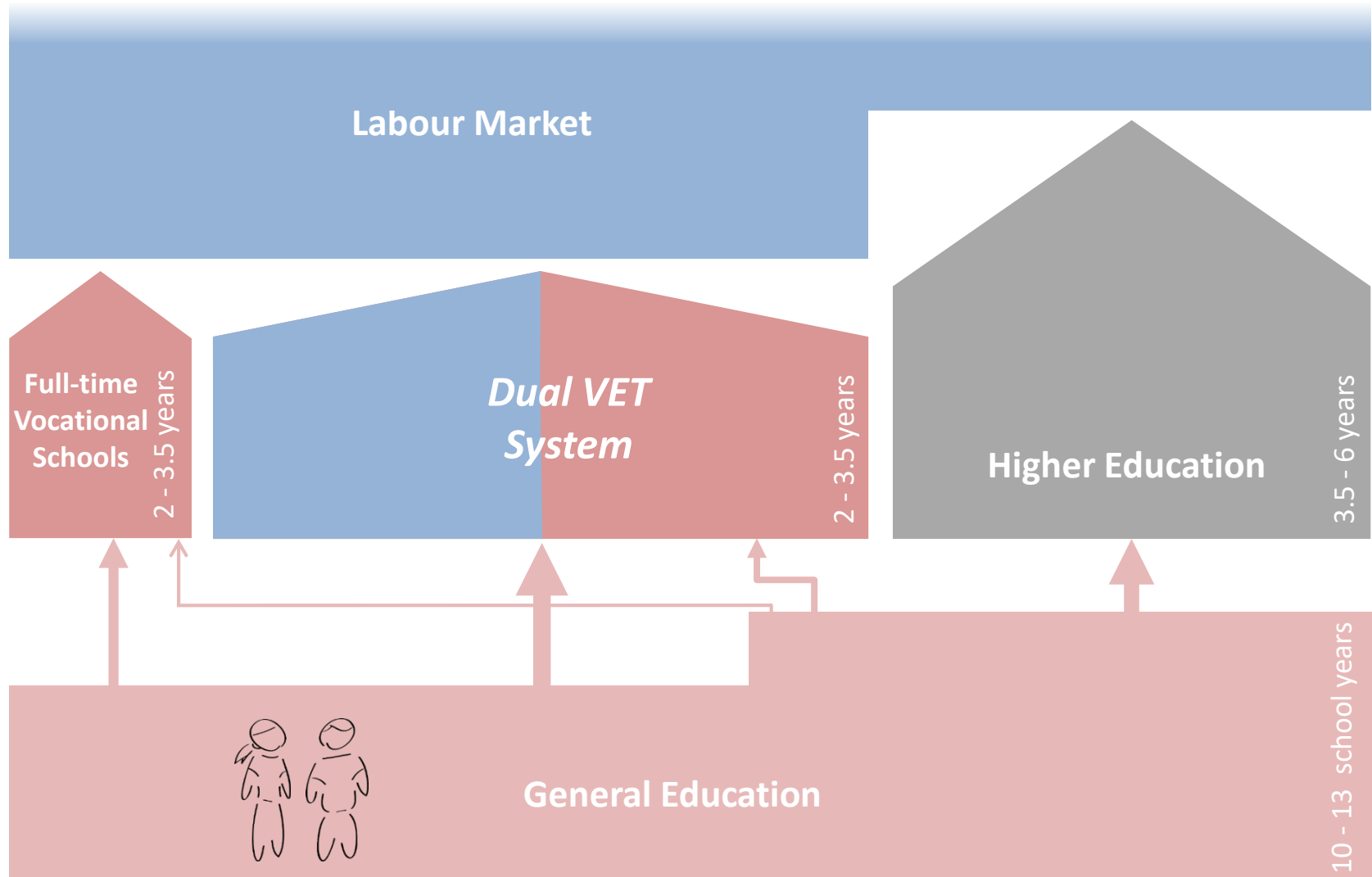


aufgrund eines Beschlusses
des Deutschen Bundestages

Content

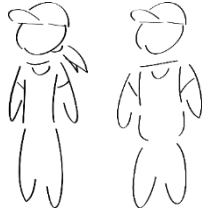
- I. Overview
- II. How *Dual VET* works
- III. Benefits and current challenges
- IV. Conditions: Why does it work in Germany?
- V. Further information
- VI. Key

I. Overview – *Dual VET*: for young people a common path to work



I. Overview – *Dual VET* performance

Trainees



- On average **55.7 %** of the population enter Dual VET, **44.2 %** graduate from Dual VET
- **1.4 m trainees** in **327** recognised training occupations
- **5.4 %** of all employees are trainees
- **High employment security** (95 % *Dual VET* graduates employed, only 80 % employed among untrained)
- **43.8 %** of *Dual VET* graduates continue working in same occupational field
- Receive **average training allowance** of about 795 € per month as trainee

Employers



- **438,000** of **2.1 m** companies train (**20.7 %**), most of which are medium-size and large companies
- Train more than **500,000** new trainees every year
- Hire **66 %** of *Dual VET* trainees as employees after training
- Employers invest on average **18,000 € per apprentice per year** (62 % of which is training allowance)
- **76 % of investment is refinanced** by productive contributions of trainees during training period

Government



- Shares expenses for **VET system with employers**
- **Public expenditure for *Dual VET*: 5.4 bn €**
- 2.9 bn € for 1,600 public vocational schools providing part-time VET
- 2.5 bn € for steering, monitoring and further supporting measures
- **EUR 7.7 bn € contribution by employers** (overall net cost of *Dual VET*; gross cost = 25.6 bn €)

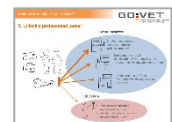
Contributes to

National Economy / Society

- Strong **SME competitiveness** on international markets
- Relatively **low youth unemployment** in Germany (7.1 %)

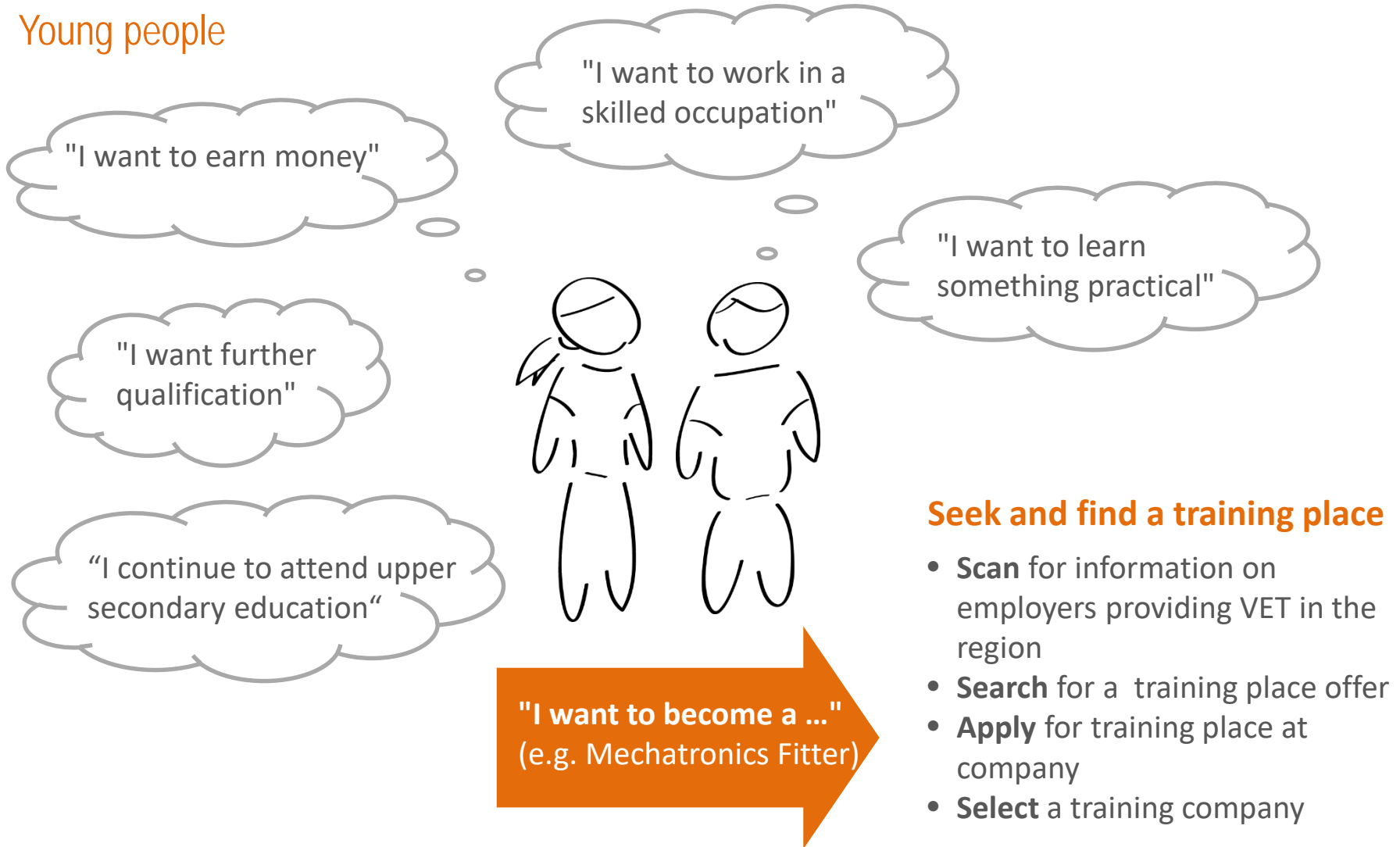
II. How *Dual VET* works

1. Engage in *Dual VET*
2. Enter into a training contract
3. Deliver work-based VET
4. Examine independently
5. Unlock a professional career
6. Stakeholders monitor, supervise and support
7. Base *Dual VET* standards on requirements of world of work
8. Set up comprehensive legal framework



1. Engagement in *Dual VET*

Young people



1. Engagement in *Dual VET*

Employer

"I want employees who competently fulfil the tasks and duties needed in my company, now and in the future"

"I want workers to be loyal to my company"

"I want to save induction and retraining costs"

"I want the productive and innovative contribution of trainees"

"I have the social responsibility to train"



"I want to train"

Seek and find a trainee

- **Be certified** to train
- **Offer** training place
- **Vet** applications of trainees
- **Select** young person for VET

1. Engagement in *Dual VET*

Government

"For national economic growth and development, highly skilled employees are needed"

"All youngsters should receive secondary education to become citizens"

"Youngsters should be ready for the labour market of today and tomorrow so that they can find employment"

"Government budgets for VET provision are limited"



"We need to strengthen and regulate *Dual VET*"

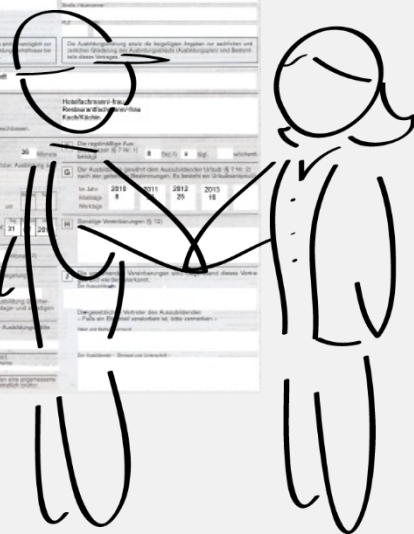
Supporting measures

- **Set up** legal framework to regulate *Dual VET*
- **Delegate** authority to stakeholders (chambers, employers, labour unions, government institutions)
- **Open** access to *Dual VET* for all, regardless of prior qualification
- **Include** *Dual VET* in compulsory secondary education
- **Provide** part of *Dual VET* in public vocational schools
- **Ensure** access of *Dual VET* graduates to higher education
- **Monitor and develop** *Dual VET* based on institutionalised VET research (BIBB)

2. Enter into a training contract

Starting point for *Dual VET*

The image shows a screenshot of a German vocational training contract form (Berufsausbildungsvertrag) from IHK Pfalz. The form includes fields for the training company (Musterfirma 12345), the trainee (Musterfrau), and the start date (01.01.2010). It also contains sections for the duration of training, probation period, and other contractual terms.

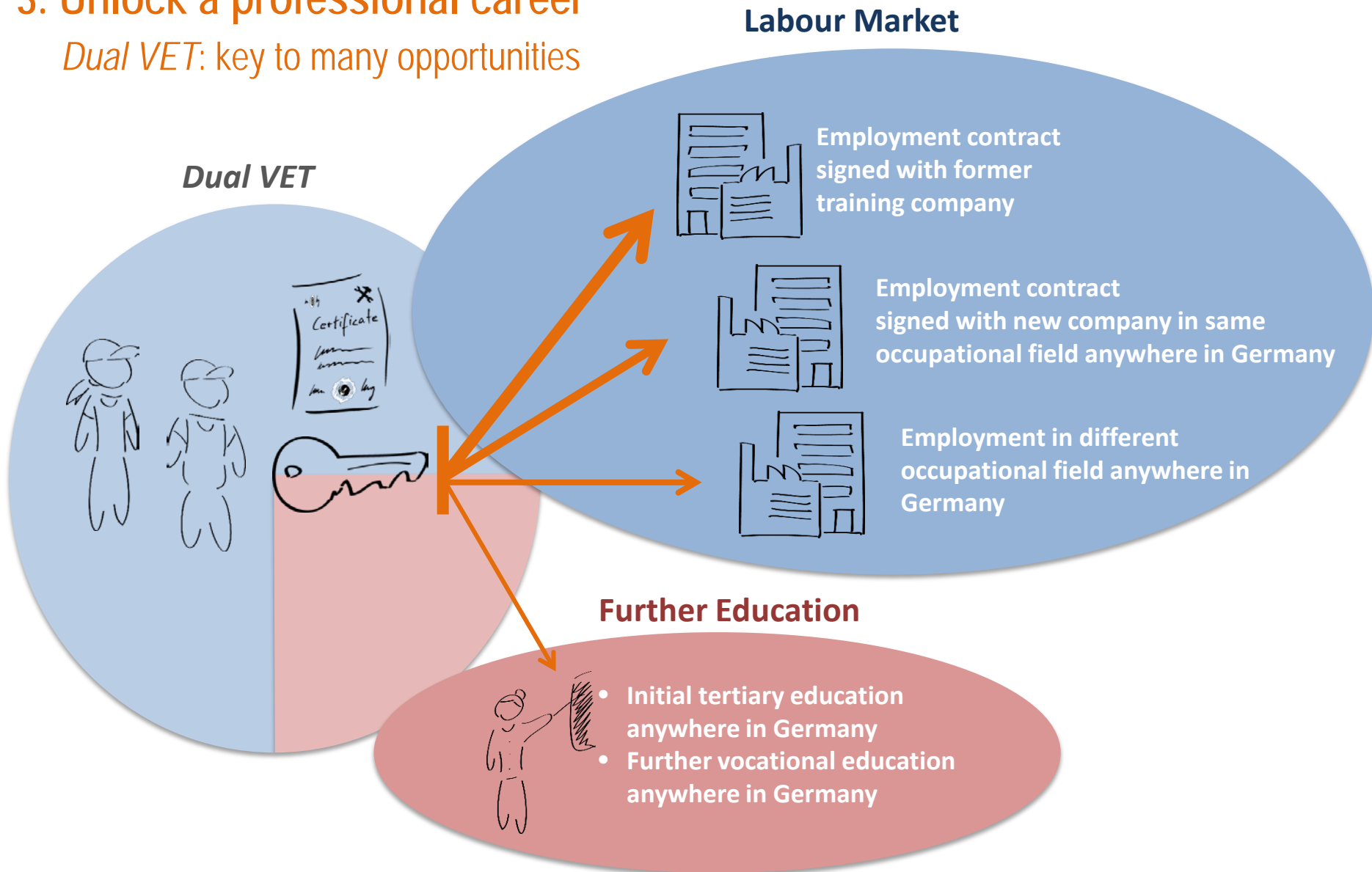


- Similar to **work contract**
- **Legal basis** for in-company training in *Dual VET*
- Provided and **registered by chambers**
- **Regulates**
 - Duration of training
 - Beginning and end of training
 - Probation time
 - Vacation
 - Content of training
 - Training allowance
 - Termination of contract
- Signed by youngster and by training company establishing a **training relationship**

Start of work-based learning in *Dual VET*

3. Unlock a professional career

Dual VET: key to many opportunities

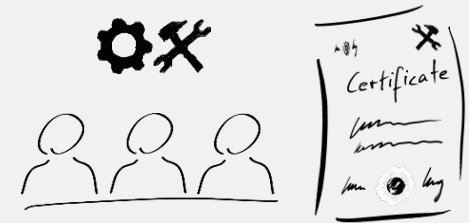
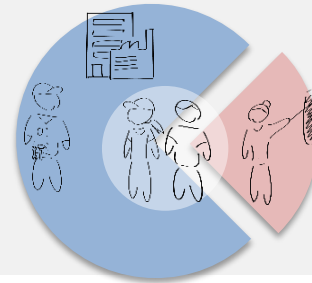


Summary – How *Dual VET* works

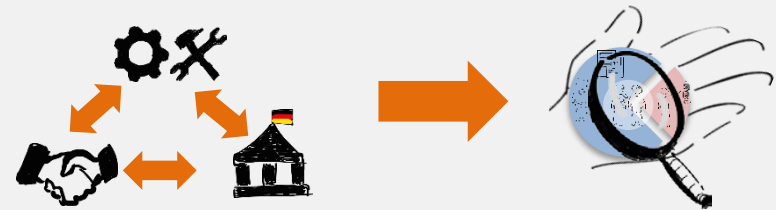
Enter into a training contract



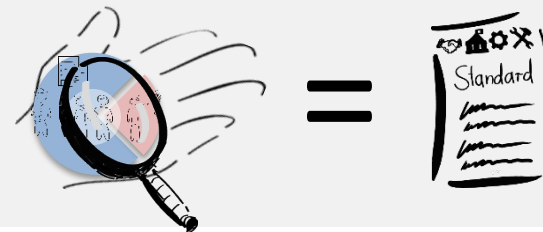
Deliver work-based *Dual VET* and
examine independently



Stakeholders support and assure quality
of *Dual VET* based on consensus



Dual VET standards are national,
up-to-date and demand-driven



Dual VET is framed by systems of law

Vocational Training Act



Summary – Dual VET: two worlds under one roof

World of Work

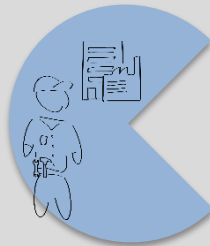
World of Education

Occupation ("Beruf")

Company

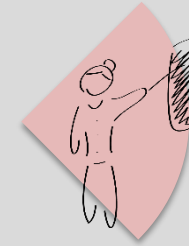
"Dual" = 2 learning venues

Public vocational school



Employer

Trainee



Chambers and social partners

Government (federal and local)



Define, supervise and monitor the what and how of in-company training based on consensus



Provides legal framework, VET research and resources for school-based VET, delegates authority to social partners and chambers

III. Benefits of *Dual VET*

Trainees



- Gain **occupational proficiency** necessary for employment opportunities and gainful income
- Earn **training allowance** during training
- Learn in **real and state-of-the-art work environment** (machinery, work processes)
- Learn how to **identify** with company and occupation
- Become capable and certified to **access different occupational and educational opportunities**

Employers



- Gain highly competent employees **meeting the needs** of the company (versus hiring externally)
- Improve **productivity** as well as **quality** of services and products
- Save recruitment and retraining costs
- Realise **high return of investment** in the long run
- Are participating in **defining company-based training content** and development of standards
- Supports **Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)**

Government



- Reaps **political rewards** of positive economic and social impact of **Dual VET**
- **Meets national labour market demand for qualified labour** with contribution of employers (training)
- Has VET system **highly capable of modernizing itself** (technological change)
- Able to **efficiently steer VET system and assure its quality**
- **Strengthens formalisation of economy** by regulating in-company training
- Gains **early evidence for labour market demand/supply**

Contributes to

National Economy / Society

- **Economic performance and competitiveness**
- **Labour-market matching** (employers/employees)
- **Social and economic integration of young people** (inclusiveness)

III. Current challenges for *Dual VET*

Trainees



- **Finding *Dual VET* training place:** number of unplaced applicants for *Dual VET* (2012: 15,600, 2014: 20,900); number of companies (esp. SME) providing *Dual VET* decreasing from 24 % (2009) to 20.7 % (2013)
- **Increasing demands at the workplace / learning venue** (foreign languages, etc.)
- **Improving life-long learning opportunities** in *Dual VET* (especially for older applicants)
- Gaining access to *Dual VET* and work through **informally acquired competencies**

Employers



- **Finding young people for *Dual VET*:** number of vacant training places rising from 2009: 17,300 to 2014: 37,100;
- **Finding competent trainees** for *Dual VET* who have the skills, knowledge and attitudes necessary for entering *Dual VET* ("trainability")
- **Including disabled people**

Government



- **Dealing with future nationwide lack of skilled workers** projected
- **Dealing with demographic change** leading to decrease in number of young people for labour market
- **Countering trend** of more and more young people choosing **university over *Dual VET***
- **Dealing with strong regional disparity** with regard to *Dual VET* training place demand and supply
- **Including disabled people**

Contributes to

National Economy / Society

- People have **difficulty entering *Dual VET*** and hence the labour market and gainful employment
- Difficulty **meeting demand of employers** for skilled workers

IV. Conditions: Why does it work in Germany

- **Long-standing history** of *Dual VET*
- Highly developed **economic structure** translates into respective demand for skilled employees on labour market
- Strong **small and medium-sized enterprises (SME)**
- **Interest, commitment and capability** of companies to train
- Strong and **competent representation** of employer and employee interests (chambers/labour unions)
- Broad-based acceptance of VET standards through strong involvement of social partners in VET and **culture of cooperative engagement**
- Strong **regulatory capacity** of government
- Competent **TVET teachers and trainers**
- General education system makes **young people ready for VET**

V. Further Sources

Facts and figures

- BIBB TVET Report 2014 ([link](#))
- Federal Statistical Office ([link](#))
- BMBF Data Portal ([link](#))

Dual VET standards

- BIBB Brochure: Vocational Training Regulations and the Process Behind Them ([link](#))
- Example: training regulation and framework curriculum for Mechatronics Fitter (BIBB) ([link](#))

Legal documents

- Vocational Training Act ([link](#))
- Works Constitution Act ([link](#))

Web resources

- [GOVET](#)
- [BMBF](#)
- [BIBB](#)

Contact for further questions

- govet@govet.international

VI. Key

Blue

World of Work



Chambers

Red

World of Education



Social Partners (labor unions and employer associations)



Youth / Trainee



Government (federal and local)



Employer



Stakeholder support



In-company trainer



Stakeholder monitoring



VET school teacher



VET research



Dual VET examination board



Dual VET standards



Dual VET graduate certificate



German Office for International Cooperation
in Vocational Education and Training

*The one-stop shop for international
Vocational Education and Training
Cooperation*

Gefördert durch:



aufgrund eines Beschlusses
des Deutschen Bundestages

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